​**Milgrams Studies on Social Obediance**

**The social structure of Islam**

Page 1.

Muhammed a merchant and camel driver, got his first “revelation” in 610 A.D. @ 40 years old. Allah was already known in the pantheon of false God’s in the polytheistic culture. After being refuse as a prophet or priest in the existing religion of Mecca He was banished and labeled as false. He self-proclaimed himself and the Only Mouth Piece of Allah, and received timely revelations to justify such things as His sexual relationship with His 8 year old child bride.

Revelations that also point out and Justify the Religion he pioneered such as, “ Everyone who is in the Heavens or on the earth who Reigns Himself “Willi Nilli” (which is translate Islam) every one who reigns himself is “Muslim”. The opposite Christianity, as in Christianity Lord ship of personal lives is yielded to Jesus as Lord.

Page 2 When the stories of the bible were different then the Stories that were handed down for generations, He accused the Jew’s and Christians of Falsifying the Bible, at which time He either Banish or Killed them. The Quarn says that after one rejects Islam one is worthy to be killed.

After this first “Cleansing” Muhamad set his eyes on Mecca to get revenge for his banishment and attacked. His forces overcoming the Holy City and taking over. Arabic is the Holy language of Islam, as Hebrew is of Judaism. All this Happened is a relatively short time. Muhamad was able to marry a 6 y.o. girl and begin sexual relations at 8 y.o. Also take his brother’s wife having it justified by “revelation”, As well as many other documented sexual escapades with concubines and others, do ethnic and racial cleanings, Murdering hundreds and thousands that wouldn’t except Islam, and Him as Allah’s mouth piece, and pretty much took over nations, with such promises that made it O.K. for his followers to have child wives, steal women, and kill everything that walked within the first 22 years of this religion, after which he died.

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**What is wrong with lying**

A lie, Williams claims, "is an assertion, the content of which is made with the intention to deceive the hearer with regard to that content."3 He adds, "it seems to me that in everyday use this is clearly its defini- tion."4

**Believing economic theory**

a subject believes that certain responses are ìdesiredî by some audience, and if she is (at least partially) motivated by a desire to please that audience, we then say she has a propensity for socially desirable responding (SDR). Intuitively, people with a propensity for SDR tend to ìtell liesî they believe will please their audience.6

**People of the lie**

Peck believes that “the

lie” is self-deception, inability or unwillingness to tolerate the pain of self-reproach. He feels that evil originates not in the absence of guilt but in the effort to escape it.

Peck emphasizes that to “People of the Lie” self-deception is an integral part of their behavior; so much so that they are willing to sacrifice and harm and even destroy others in order to preserve their own self-image. He names this trait malignant narcissism and finds it to be the root of all evil and utterly perverse. “

Evil always has something to do with lies”11 states Peck,

**ACCOUNTING FOR KILLING, ACCOUNTABILITY FOR DEATh**

Venetian State during the sixteenth century as a means of rendering the individuals who were responsible for such decisions “accountable for death”. The rationale for this governmental approach to self-preservation is described as “Reason of State”.

Long past and recent history has taught us that when the security of a government is threatened or violated or, Accordingly, governments can adopt either transparent or secret politics of necessity which may leave little or no space for justice, ethics or Christian morality.

Reason of state ....Nauert (2006, p. 134), “a ruler may virtually do anything that is truly necessary for the survival of his state: lie, cheat, murder, wage aggressive wars, or terrorize”,

**Dark triad**

**Dark triad traits**

Machiavellianism

Inspired by the writings of Niccolo Machiavelli, a 16th- century Italian political theorist, Christie and Geis (1970) coined the term ‘Machiavellianism’ to describe a personality construct characterized by a cynical view of human nature and a deceitful and calculating interpersonal style. Christie and Geis also developed the Mach-IV scale, which has been widely used in assessing this construct.

Psychopathy

The Psychopathy construct, described in detail by Cleckley (1941), depicts a person characterized by grandiosity, lack of empathy, a glib and manipulative interpersonal style, shallow affect, and a parasitic and antisocial lifestyle. Hare and colleagues (Hare, 1991; Harpur, Hare, & Hakstian, 1989) played important roles in elaborating the construct and its measurement in both clinical and nonclinical populations. The most recent conceptualization of this construct consists of four inter-related facets representing antisocial behaviour, interpersonal manipulation, erratic lifestyle, and callous affect (Williams, Paulhus, & Hare, 2007). This four-facet conceptual- ization is operationalized in the Self-Report Psychopathy III (SRP-III; Paulhus, Neumann, & Hare, in press).

Narcissism

As narcissistic personality disorder has been included in the

Diagnostic and Statistical Manual for Mental Disorders

(e.g. DSM-IV, American Psychiatric Association, 1994), the construct of Narcissism has been of particular interest in the clinical and personality psychology literature. Narcissism is characterized by a sense of self-importance, exhibitionism entitlement, and interpersonal exploitation. This construct has been measured successfully in subclinical samples using a va- riety of measures, such as the Narcissistic Personality Inventory (NPI; Raskin & Hall, 1979).

All three of the Dark Triad involve a tendency to manip- ulate individuals in pursuit of selfish gains. It is therefore unsurprising that these traits show important correlations with measures of outright fraud, cheating, or theft

Thus, the Dark Triad constructs are particularly important in predicting opportunistic sexual behaviour.

Thus, the results of Hodson et al. suggest that persons having high levels of the Dark Triad tend to favour between-group hierarchy but not necessarily within-group conformity.

Furthermore, Narcissism also includes content related to leadership, assertiveness, dominance, and exhibitionism, all of which are subsumed primarily in the Extraversion factor.

Aspects of Psychopathy such as erratic lifestyle and antisocial behaviour are also likely facilitated by traits such as toughness and fearlessness, which are associated with the low pole of the HEXACO Emotionality factor. In addition, SRP-III Psychopathy includes the facet of callous affect, which involves insensitivity and hardheartedness.

factor are strong influences on a wide array of variables that can roughly be classified into three familiar domains of human life: sex, power, and money.

Along with the drive to attain power, a strong motivation to be very rich is likely to characterize people who are low in Honesty–Humility and high in the Dark Triad.

The Money factor represents a drive to consume more material resources than do others, the Power factor repre- sents a drive for superior social status, and the Sex factor emphasized the motivation to have many uncommitted, short-term sexual partners.5 Thus, through their emphasis on having more resources than do others, the Money, Power, and Sex factors have a close conceptual link with the exploitation that characterizes low Honesty–Humility.

In iBooks

**Use between terror and tolerance for a list of leaders justified killing**

**Lying everybody is doing it.. tendencies of his or her friends and family members.** [ABSTRACT FROM AUTHOR]

**The many faces of lies....**

we explained to participants that ìa lie occurs any time you intentionally try to mislead someone.î Motive was not to be considered;

Of the 77 college students, only one claimed to have told not a single lie. Of the 70 people from the community, only six claimed complete honesty during that one week.

This paper is about the every day lies not malicious and evil or lies that lead to death

Conclusion...People who tell many lies are in fact more manipulative and irresponsible than people who tell few lies. They also care deeply about what other people think of them, and they are more extraverted.

I

Most people think lying is manipulative and exploitative...but those lies are not the most common ones. More often, people lie to enhance their self-esteem, to get others to like them or respect them and to spare otherís feelings...Being honest all the time is not a great idea because the truth often hurts.î

The other 90% of the serious lies were self-serving (compared to about half of the everyday lies; the other everyday lies were neither kind-hearted nor self-serving).

**Michael J. Loeffler Psychotherapist, San Francisco, USA**

**Lemma, A. (2005) ‘The many faces of lying’. International Journal of Psychoanalysis, 86, 3, 737–53.**

I found the interpretation, ‘Lies are perhaps like a skin for you that keep you warm and safe in a world where you feel you can’t trust anyone’ (2005, p. 741) as the likely foundation of this article. Lemma mainly uses Glasser’s (1979) binary notion of self-preservative lying versus sadistic lying and also reflects on lies as creating a skin, camouflage, or deception between Self and Other.

Likewise, the patients in this article seek to control the Other through the use of Lemma defines sadistic lying as a conscious victory to deceive or humiliate an object.

In self-preservative lying, the sadistic impulse is not employed;

Although Lemma holds an ambivalent view of lying, she outlines its developmental, restorative, and sadistic uses quite well. While reviewing this article, I have noticed how often lies express themselves in my clinical work, particularly the self-preservative lie, which seems to manifest more frequently in an abandoned and narcissistically injured psyche.

**Used in the original Paper**

[**http://www.bibletopics.com/biblestudy/81.htm**](http://www.bibletopics.com/biblestudy/81.htm) **History of the English Bible**

​**The truth about lies**

Research has linked telling lies to an increased risk of cancer, increased risk of obesity, anxiety, depression, addiction, gambling, poor work satisfaction, and poor relationships,” says Deirdre Lee Fitzgerald, PhD, assistant professor of psychology at Eastern Connecticut State University in Willimantic.

**Psych today living a lie**

Almost all of us engage in self-deception, little denials or rationalizations that remove unpleasant evidence of our warts. Episodes of self-enhancement are absolutely normal. In fact, slightly overrating ourselves seems to be psychologically healthy. Self-deception alleviates stress, benefits relationships, and makes us more resilient by sheltering the ego from the storms of reality.

It may even be part of our psychological destiny.

In recent years, cognitive psychologists have gathered bountiful evidence that self-deception is a basic feature of the human mind. There are many advantages to deceiving ourselves, including appearing confident and winning the favor of others. Our minds are a jumble of conscious and unconscious elements that allow us to be both deceiver and deceived, although we may differ in the degree to which we are onto our own tricks. And depression, typically characterized by an excessively negative view of ourselves, may result from a glitch in our self-deceptive machinery.

Or, if neuroscientist V.S. Ramachandran is right, our brains have a mechanism to decouple stark truths—such as the inevitability of death—from their emotional impact. Otherwise, we might be forever paralyzed with fear and do nothing at all with our lives. His conclusions are drawn from studies of people with anosognosia, a condition that makes them deny that they have paralysis or some other disability and even offer wildly inventive explanations for why their body isn’t functioning. We have a deep incentive to keep troubling truths from our conscious minds.

A little bit of self-deceit can be good for you. But when it comes to the core challenges of adult life—career, money, sexual identity and marriage—fooling yourself can have devastating consequences.

**The daily mail Faith is Good**

For a growing yet largely unnoticed body of scientific work, amassed over the past 30 years, shows religious belief is medically, socially and psychologically beneficial.

In 2006, the American Society of Hypertension established that church-goers have lower blood pressure than the non-faithful.

Likewise, in 2004, scholars at the University of California, Los Angeles, suggested that college students involved in religious activities are more likely to have better mental and emotional health than those who do not.

Meanwhile, in 2006, population researchers at the University of Texas discovered that the more often you go to church, the longer you

As they put it: ‘Religious attendance is associated with adult mortality in a graded fashion: there is a seven-year difference in life expectancy between those who never attend church and those who attend weekly.’

Exactly the same outcome was recently reported in the American Journal of Public Health, which studied nearly 2,000 older Californians for five years. Those who attended religious services were 36 per cent less likely to die during this half-decade than those who didn’t.

Even those who attended a place of worship irregularly — implying a less than ardent faith — did better than those who never attended.

Pretty impressive. But there’s more; so much more that it’s positively surreal.

In 1990, the American Journal of Psychiatry discovered believers with broken hips were less depressed, had shorter hospital stays and could even walk further when they were discharged compared to their similarly broken-hipped and hospitalised, but comparatively heathen peers.

It’s not just hips. Scientists have revealed that believers recover from breast cancer quicker than non-believers; have better outcomes from coronary disease and rheumatoid arthritis; and are less likely to have children with meningitis.

Intriguing research in 2002 showed that believers have more success with IVF than non-believers.

A 1999 study found that going to a religious service or saying a few prayers actively strengthened your immune system.

These medical benefits accrue even if you adjust for the fact that believers are less likely to smoke, drink or take drugs.

And faith doesn’t just heal the body; it salves the mind, too. In 1998, the American Journal of Public Health found that depressed patients with a strong ‘intrinsic faith’ (a deep personal belief, not just a social inclination to go to a place of worship) recovered 70 per cent faster than those who did not have strong faith.

Another study, in 2002, showed that prayer reduced ‘adverse outcomes in heart patients’.

or instance, a study of nearly 4,000 older adults for the U.S. Journal of Gerontology revealed that atheists had a notably increased chance of dying over a six-year period than the faithful.

Crucially, religious people lived longer than atheists even if they didn’t go regularly to a place of worship. This study clearly suggests there is a benefit in pure faith alone — perhaps this religiousness works by affording a greater sense of inner purpose and solace in grief.

All of which means that, contrary to expectation, it is the atheists who are eccentric, flawed and maladaptive, and it’s the devout who are healthy, well-adjusted and normal.

Read more: http://www.dailymail.co.uk/femail/article-1358421/The-tantalising-proof-belief-God-makes-happier-healthier.html#ixzz3w1sKMO5s

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**The many faces of lies.**

t. The second is that lying is abnormal, unacceptable, and wrong. People can be separated into those that lie and those that do not.

There was another hint from the diary studies that participants were not completely at ease with the telling of their lies, however mundane those lies may have been.

But I think that any communications deliberately designed to mislead should count as lies, and by that criterion, there appeared to be plenty

**https://www.psychologytoday.com/blog/how-risky-is-it-really/201208/want-healthier-longer-life-stop-lying**

Lies cause stress

What lying actually does to your brain

verybody lied less. But the group that had gotten advice on how to avoid lying reduced their fabrications far more. And in questionnaires, those who had lied less reported better mental and physical health. They reported improvements in their relationships, less trouble sleeping, less tension, fewer headaches, and fewer sore throats.

Why we believe lies even after being proven wrong..

Misinformation is especially likely to stick when it conforms to our pre-existing political, religious, or social point of view, according to the researchers. Because of this, ideology and personal worldviews can be especially difficult obstacles to overcome.

**What is truth and does it matter?**

A recent Barna Research Group survey on what Americans believe asked the question, "Is there absolute Truth?" Sixty-six percent of adults responded that they believe that "there is no such thing as absolute truth; different people can define truth in conflicting ways and still be correct." Seventy-two percent of those aged 18 to 25 expressed this belief. In a recent series of more than twenty interviews conducted at random at a large university, people were asked if there was such a thing as absolute truth - truth that is true across all times and cultures for all people. All but one respondent answered along these lines:

"Truth is whatever you believe."

"There is no absolute truth."

"If there were such a thing as absolute truth, how could we know what it is?"

"People who believe in absolute truth are dangerous."

The lone exception was an evangelical Christian, who said absolute truth was in Jesus Christ.

In response, Abby wrote this:

In my view, the height of arrogance is to attempt to show people the 'errors' in the religion of their choice

**These truths are self evident that all men are created equal**

**Michael Novak, in an article in the Reader's Digest**, declared that "the most critical threat to our freedom is a failure to appreciate the power of truth." This link between freedom and truth was strongly argued by Pope John Paul II in his recent encyclical Veritas Splendor (The Splendor of Truth). Richard John Neuhaus, editor in chief of First Things: A Monthly Journal of Religion and Public Life, in commenting on this encyclical, said, "In the absence of truth, power is the only game in town."

**This is a good article for debunking some common mis beliefs**

**Statistician David Barrett says that since 1970** the number of atheists has dropped from 4.6% of world population to 3.8% (222 million). He predicts continuing decline.

Covers

Atheism

Polytheism Hindu etc

Postmodernism

And Christianity

The Bible has a great deal to say about truth, particularly the truth about God and our relationship to him as human beings created with God-like qualities.

Someone has said that we have now moved from the conviction that everyone has a right to his own opinions, to the notion that every opinion is equally right!

**Isis seen undermining Islam**

"Many Muslims are saying, 'If ISIS is Islam, I'm leaving.' Some are becoming atheists," said Brother Rachid, who hosts a Christian program reaching Muslims called "Daring Questions" in Arabic language. "There is a huge wave of atheism in the Arab world right now and many are turning to Jesus Christ. Islam was never faced with this crisis before."

"Islam is going to collapse," added Brother Rachid, whose father is a Moroccan imam who lived as a secret Christian convert for 15 years.