Quiz name: Give Me Liberty, 3e
Chapter Number: 01\_tf

Question: During the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, all European nations had established churches, and religious wars between nations (and sometimes within them) were fierce.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Before Europeans arrived in the New World, Native Americans were without extensive trading networks, irrigation systems, or large cities.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: The trans-Atlantic voyages of Columbus were sponsored by Spain, which had just achieved its own territorial unification.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Horses, cows, pigs, and sheep were unknown to the Americas until Europeans brought them there.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: In 1492 the population of Europe was greater than that of the Americas.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: In 1537, Pope Paul III decreed Indian slavery ended, but not African slavery.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: In 1493, the Catholic Pope, Alexander VI, divided all the Americas between Spain and Britain.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: On the eve of colonization of the Americas, freedom in Europe was framed in hierarchical, top-down terms, with each level of society enjoying its own degree of freedom.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: The Pueblo Revolt of 1680 was swiftly crushed by Spanish authorities.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Little contact existed among the diverse Indian societies of North America.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Small-scale slavery in which Indians enslaved other Indians existed in Indian society.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: After four trips across the Atlantic, Columbus recognized he had not reached Asia.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Between 1492 and 1820, approximately 20 million African slaves came from the Old World to the New World.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Most Indian tribes were matrilineal.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Colonial America was a hierarchical society in which some European colonists were indentured servants, Indians were held in forced labor, and Africans were slaves.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: In the Spanish colonies race and class were not important.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: At the time of first contact with the Europeans, perhaps 12 million people lived in the Inca kingdom.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: A strong immunity to European diseases strengthened Indian resistance to the conquistadors.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Approximately 10 million men, women, and children came from the Old World to the New World between 1492 and 1820.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Perhaps 80 million Native Americans died in the century and a half following first contact in consequence of diseases carried by Europeans.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: When Columbus first sailed to America in 1492, Christian Europe was entirely Catholic; twenty-five years later, following Martin Luther's 95 Theses, the Protestant Reformation had begun, and Europe was thrown into more than a hundred years of Christian religious wars.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Africans enslaved other Africans long before the arrival of European traders.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: At the time of Portugal's Atlantic exploration, the economies of West Africa were organized chiefly around slavery.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: The Aztecs lived in a peaceful, non-violent society.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Most European men in the 1500s owned property and could vote.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: New Netherland extended all the way down from Quebec to the lower Mississippi Valley.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: Of the ten million people who crossed the Atlantic Ocean to settle in the Americas in the 328 years from 1492 to 1820, most were white Europeans.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: To justify their colonial ventures, Spain invoked the threat of Protestantism.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Spanish settlers in the New World comprised a mix of laborers, soldiers, priests, bureaucrats, craftsmen, and professionals.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: Europeans in the 1500s held firmly to the view that all men are created equal.
Correct answer is: b) False

Question: The reconquista was the reconquest of Spain from the Moors.
Correct answer is: a) True

Question: When the author, Eric Foner, uses the term "unfree labor," he refers to those persons who were performing work, not for free as volunteers, but for wages.
Correct answer is: b) False